|  | EYFS | Year 1 | Year 1/2 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 3/4 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
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| Exploring and <br> Developing Ideas <br> KS1 - about the <br> work of a range <br> makers and <br> designers, <br> describing the <br> differences and <br> similarities <br> between <br> different <br> disciplines, and <br> making links to <br> their own work. <br> KS2 -about great <br> rtists, architects <br> and designers in <br> history. <br> KS2 -to create <br> setch books to <br> record their <br> observations and <br> use them to <br> review and <br> visit ideas | Development matters <br> Take opportunities in class to highlight a child's interests, showing you know them and about them. <br> Make sure children are encouraged to listen to each other as well as the staff. <br> Ensure children's play regularly involves sharing and cooperating with friends and other peers. <br> Undertake specific activities that encourage talk about feelings and their opinions. <br> Have high expectations for children following instructions, with high levels of support when necessary. | Record and explore ideas from first hand observations. <br> Ask and answer questions about the starting points for their work. <br> Explore the work of artists, craftspeople and designers from different times and cultures for differences and similarities. | Record and explore ideas from first hand observations. <br> Ask and answer questions about the starting points for their work. <br> Develop their ideas - try things out, change their minds. | Develop their ideas try things out, change their minds. <br> Explore the work of artists, craftspeople and designers from different times and cultures for differences and similarities. | Select and record from first hand observation, experience and imagination, and explore ideas for different purposes. <br> Explore the roles and purposes of artists, craftspeople and designers working in different times and cultures | Select and record from first hand observation, experience and imagination, and explore ideas for different purposes. <br> Explore the roles and purposes of artists, craftspeople and designers working in different times and cultures <br> Question and make thoughtful observations about starting points and select ideas to use in their work. | Question and make <br> thoughtful observations about starting points and select ideas to use in their work. <br> Select and record from first hand observation, experience and imagination, and explore ideas for different purposes. | Select and record from first hand observation, experience and imagination, and explore ideas for different purposes. | Question and make thoughtful observations about starting points and select ideas to use in their work. <br> Explore the roles and purposes of artists, craftspeople and designers working in different times and cultures. |





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| Evaluating and Developing Work <br> KS1 - about the ork of a rang makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. KS2 -about great artists, architects and designers in history. | Development matters <br> Teach children to develop their colourmixing techniques to enable them to match the colours they see and want to represent, with step-bystep <br> guidance when appropriate. <br> Provide opportunities to work together to develop and realise creative ideas. <br> Provide children with a range of materials for children to construct with. <br> Encourage them to think about and discuss what they want to make. <br> Discuss problems and how they might be | Review what they have done and say what they think and feel about it. <br> Identify what they might change in their current work or develop in future work. | Review what they (and others) have done and say what they think and feel about it. <br> Identify what they might change in their current work or develop in future work (and explain their reasoning). | Review what they and others have done and say what they think and feel about it. <br> Identify what they might change their current work or develop in future work (and explain their reasoning). | Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about them. | Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about them. <br> Annotate work in journal. <br> Adapt their work according to their views. | Annotate work in journal. <br> Adapt their work according to their views. | Adapt their work according to their views and describe how they might develop it further. | Annotate work in their journal using a variety of methods (written, sketch, exploded views) <br> Compare ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work and say what they think and feel about them using knowledge of artists to validate their opinion. |


| solved as they arise. <br> Reflect <br> with children on how <br> they have achieved <br> their aims. <br> Teach children different techniques for joining materials, such as how to use <br> adhesive tape and different sorts of glue. <br> Provide a range of materials and tools and teach children to use them with care and precision. <br> Promote independence, taking care not to introduce too many new things at once. <br> Encourage children to notice features in the natural world. Help them to define colours, shapes, texture and smells in |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| holding pencils for writing, scissors and knives and forks. Offer regular, gentle encouragement and feedback. With regular practice, the physical skills children need to eat with a knife and fork and develop an efficient handwriting style will become increasingly automatic. <br> Early Learning Goals <br> Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing - using the tripod grip in almost all cases. <br> Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. <br> Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing. |  |  |  | with a wide range of drawing implements. | pencil and other implements to achieve variations in tone. <br> Create textures with a wide range of drawing implements <br> Begin to show an awareness of objects having a third dimension. <br> Apply tone in a drawing in a simple way. <br> Apply a simple use of pattern and texture in a drawing. | and <br> background. <br> Form, Shape <br> Tone and <br> Texture <br> Begin to show an awareness of objects having a third dimension. <br> Apply tone in a drawing in a simple way. <br> Apply a simple use of pattern and texture in a drawing. | awareness of composition, scale and proportion in their paintings e.g. foreground, middle ground and background. | Begin to use simple perspective in their work using a single focal point and horizon. <br> Show an awareness of how paintings are created i.e. composition. |
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| Digital <br> Media | Development matters <br> Teach children to develop their colourmixing techniques to enable them to match the colours they see and want to represent, with step-bystep <br> guidance when appropriate. <br> Provide opportunities to work together to develop and realise creative ideas. <br> Provide children with a range of materials for children to construct with. <br> Encourage them to think about and discuss what they want to make. <br> Discuss problems and how they might be solved as they arise. Reflect | Explore ideas using digital sources i.e. internet. <br> Use a simple graphics package to create images and effects with: lines by changing the size of brushes in response to ideas; shapes using eraser, shape and fill tools; and colours and texture using simple filters to manipulate and create images. | Explore ideas using digital sources i.e. internet. <br> Record visual information using digital cameras, video recorders. <br> Use a simple graphics package to create images and effects - Use basic selection and cropping tools. | Record visual information using digital cameras, video recorders. <br> Use a simple graphics package to create images and effects with: lines by changing the size of brushes in response to ideas; shapes using eraser, shape and fill tools; and colours and texture using simple filters to manipulate and create images. <br> Use basic selection and | Record and collect visual information using digital cameras and video recorders. <br> Present recorded visual images using software. <br> Use a graphics package to create images and effects with; lines. <br> Change the type of brush to an appropriate style. | Record and collect visual information using digital cameras and video recorders. <br> Present recorded visual images using software. <br> Use a graphics package to create images and effects with; lines. <br> Change the type of brush to an appropriate style. <br> Use a graphics package to create images and effects with; lines by controlling the brush tool with | Use a graphics package to create images and effects with; lines by controlling the brush tool with increased precision. <br> Create shapes by making selections to cut, duplicate and repeat. <br> Experiment with colours and textures by using effects and simple filters to manipulate and create images for a purpose | Record, collect and store visual information using digital cameras etc. <br> Present recorded visual images using software e.g. Photostory, Powerpoint. <br> Be able to Import an image (scanned, retrieved, taken) into a graphics package. | Use a graphics package to create and manipulate new images. <br> Understand that a digital image is created by layering. <br> Create layered images from original ideas. |
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|  | Discuss children's responses to what they see. <br> Visit galleries and museums to generate inspiration and conversation about art and artists. <br> Early Learning Goals <br> Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. <br> What this looks like in Reception: <br> Use ICT to experiment with drawing lines Use ICT to experiment with different colours and patterns Use of iPads and age appropriate apps |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Painting <br> KS1 - to use <br> painting to develop and <br> share their ideas, | Development matters | Use a variety of tools and techniques | Use a variety of tools and techniques | Work on different scales. | Experiment with different | Experiment with different effects and | Work on a range of scales e.g. thin brush | Develop a painting from a drawing. | Create imaginative work from a |


| experiences and <br> imagination <br> to develop a wide <br> design techniques <br> in using colour, <br> pattern, texture, <br> and space) <br> KS2 - to improve <br> art and design <br> techniques, <br> including painting <br> with a range o materials [for <br> example, pencil, charcoal, paint, <br> clay] | Teach children to develop their colourmixing techniques to enable them to match the colours they see and want to represent, with step-bystep guidance when appropriate. <br> Provide opportunities to work together to develop and realise creative ideas. <br> Provide children with a range of materials for children to construct with. <br> Encourage them to think about and discuss what they want to make. <br> Discuss problems and how they might be solved as they arise. Reflect with children on how they have achieved their aims. | including different brush sizes and types. <br> Mix and match colours to artefacts and objects. <br> Experiment with tools and techniques e.g. layering, mixing media, scrapping through. <br> Colour <br> Identify primary and secondary colours by name. <br> Mix primary shades and tones. | including different brush sizes and types. <br> Mix and match colours to artefacts and objects. <br> Work on different scales. <br> Name different types of paint and their properties. <br> Colour <br> Identify primary and secondary colours by name. <br> Mix primary shades and tones. | Name different types of paint and their properties. <br> Experiment with tools and techniques e.g. layering, mixing media, scrapping through. <br> Colour <br> Mix <br> secondary colours. <br> Texture <br> Create textured paint by adding sand, plaster. | effects and textures including blocking in colour, washes, thickened paint creating textural effects. <br> Create different effects and textures with paint according to what they need for the task. <br> Colour <br> Mix colours <br> and know <br> which <br> primary <br> colours <br> make <br> secondary <br> colours. | textures including blocking in colour, washes, thickened paint creating textural effects. <br> Create different effects and textures with paint according to what they need for the task. <br> Work on a range of scales e.g. thin brush on small picture etc. <br> Colour <br> Mix colours and know which primary colours make secondary colours. | on small picture etc. | Carry out preliminary studies, trying out different media and materials and mixing appropriate colours. <br> Colour <br> Mix and match colours to create | variety of sources e.g. observational drawing, themes, poetry, music. <br> Colour <br> Be able to identify and work with complementary |
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|  | colour, design, texture, form and function. <br> What this looks like in Reception: <br> Opportunities to experiment with primary colours <br> Experiment with mixing colours independently <br> Name colours Learn the names of different tools Use a range of different tools <br> Topic based painting opportunities Free-choice painting Creating natural painting tools Looking at artists to inspire and create own representations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Printing | Development matters <br> Teach children to develop their colourmixing techniques to enable them to match the colours they see | Print with a range of hard and soft materials e.g. corks, pen barrels, sponge | Print with a range of hard and soft materials e.g. corks, pen barrels, sponge | Take simple prints i.e. monoprinting <br> Design more repetitive patterns | Create printing blocks using a relief <br> Design and create complex | Create printing blocks using a relief <br> Design and create complex repeating patterns | Use relief or impressed method <br> Print with two colour overlays | Create printing blocks by simplifying an initial journal idea <br> Use relief or impressed method | Create prints with three overlays <br> Work into prints with a range of media e.g. pens, |



| Provide a range of materials and tools and teach children to use them with care and precision. <br> Promote independence, taking care not to introduce too many new things at once. <br> Encourage children to notice features in the natural world. Help them to define colours, shapes, texture and smells in their own words. Discuss children's responses to what they see. <br> Visit galleries and museums to generate inspiration and conversation about art and artists. <br> Before teaching children the correct pencil grip and posture for writing, | textures and | e simple ins i.e. n-printing <br> our eriment rprinting tifs and our. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | vegetables, coins, mathematical tools etc. <br> Printing with natural <br> objects <br> Printing opportunities indoor/outdoor <br> Paint <br> Malleable materials <br> Fabric printing <br> Rangoli Pattern printing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Textiles <br> KS1 - to use a <br> range of materials creatively to <br> design and make <br> products | Development matters <br> Teach children to develop their colourmixing techniques to enable them to match the colours they see and want to represent, with step-by-step guidance when appropriate. <br> Provide children with a range of materials for children to construct with. <br> Encourage them to think about and discuss what they want to make. <br> Discuss problems and how they might be | Match and sort fabrics and threads for colour, texture, length, size and shape <br> Change and modify threads and fabrics, knotting, fraying, fringing, pulling threads, twisting, plaiting <br> Cut and shape fabric | Match and sort fabrics and threads for colour, texture, length, size and shape <br> Change and modify threads and fabrics, knotting, fraying, fringing, pulling threads, twisting, plaiting cords for decoration | Apply decoration using beads, buttons, feathers etc <br> Apply shapes by stitching <br> Create cords and plaits for decoration | Use a variety of techniques, e.g. printing, dyeing, weaving and stitching to create different textural effects <br> Match the tool to the material | Use a variety of techniques, e.g. printing, dyeing, weaving and stitching to create different textural effects <br> Match the tool to the material <br> Develop skills in stitching, cutting and joining. <br> Experiment with paste resist. | Develop skills in stitching, cutting and joining. <br> Experiment with paste resist. | Use fabrics to create 3D structures. <br> Use different grades of threads and needles. | Experiment with batik techniques <br> Experiment with a range of media to overlap and layer creating interesting colours and textures and effects |


|  | solved as they arise. <br> Reflect <br> with children on how <br> they have achieved their aims. <br> Teach children different techniques for joining materials, such as how to use adhesive tape and different sorts of glue. <br> Provide a range of materials and tools and teach children to use them with care and precision. <br> Promote independence, taking care not to introduce too many new things at once. <br> Encourage children to notice features in the natural world. Help them to define colours, shapes, texture and smells in their own words. Discuss | using scissors/snips <br> Apply shapes with glue or by stitching <br> Colour <br> Apply colour with printing, dipping, fabric crayons <br> Create and use dyes i.e. onion skins, tea, coffee <br> Texture <br> Create fabrics by weaving materials i.e. grass through twigs, carrier bags on a bike wheel | Cut and shape fabric using scissors/snips <br> Apply shapes with glue or by stitching <br> Apply decoration using beads, buttons, feathers etc <br> Texture <br> Create fabrics by weaving materials i.e. grass through twigs, carrier bags on a bike wheel <br> Colour <br> Apply colour with printing, dipping, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| 3D <br> KS1 - to use sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space KS2 - to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including scultpure with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] | Development matters <br> Teach children to develop their colourmixing techniques to enable them to match the colours they see and want to represent, with step-by-step guidance when appropriate. <br> Provide children with a range of materials for children to construct with. <br> Encourage them to think about and discuss what they want to make. <br> Discuss problems and how they might be solved as they arise. Reflect with children on how they have achieved their aims. <br> Teach children different techniques for joining materials, such as how | Manipulate malleable materials in a variety of ways including rolling and kneading <br> Explore sculpture with a range of malleable media <br> Understand the safety and basic care of materials and tools <br> Form <br> Experiment with constructing and joining recycled, natural and | Manipulate malleable materials for a purpose in a variety of ways including rolling and kneading <br> Form <br> Experiment with constructing and joining recycled, natural and manmade materials <br> Texture <br> Change the surface of a malleable material e.g. build a textured tile | Manipulate malleable materials for a purpose, e.g. pot, tile <br> Explore sculpture with a range of malleable media <br> Understand the safety and basic care of materials and tools <br> Form <br> Use simple 2-D shapes to create a 3D form <br> Texture | Plan, design and make models from observation or imagination <br> Use papier mache to create a simple 3D object | Plan, design and make models from observation or imagination <br> Use papier mache to create a simple 3D object <br> Join clay adequately and construct a simple base for extending and modelling other shapes <br> Create surface patterns and textures in a malleable material <br> Use recycled materials to create sculptures | Join clay <br> adequately <br> and construct <br> a simple base <br> for extending <br> and modelling <br> other shapes <br> Create surface <br> patterns and <br> textures in a <br> malleable <br> material. <br> Shape, form, model and construct from observation. | Shape, form, model and construct from observation or imagination. <br> Use recycled, natural and man - made materials to create sculptures | Plan a <br> sculpture <br> through <br> drawing and other preparatory work <br> Develop skills <br> in using clay inc. slabs, coils, slips, etc <br> Produce intricate patterns and textures in a malleable media |



|  | Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. <br> What this looks like in Reception <br> Handle, feel and manipulate, pull apart and reconstruct materials. Construct and build from simple objects. Shape and model from observation and imagination. -Impress and apply simple decoration. Construction areas indoor/outdoor Box Modelling Malleable opportunities - playdough/clay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Collage | Development matters <br> Teach children to develop their colourmixing techniques to enable them to match | Create images from a variety of media e.g. photocopies material, fabric, crepe | Create images from a variety of media e.g. photocopies material, fabric, crepe | Fold, crumple, tear and overlap papers. | Experiment with a range of collage techniques such as tearing, overlapping | Experiment with a range of collage techniques such as tearing, overlapping and layering to | Use collage as a means of collecting ideas and information and building a | Use a range of media to create collages. <br> Use different techniques, colours and | Add collage to <br> a painted, printed or drawn background |



|  | Provide a range of materials and tools and teach children to use them with care and precision. <br> Promote independence, taking care not to introduce too many new things at once. <br> Encourage children to notice features in the natural world. Help them to define colours, shapes, texture and smells in their own words. Discuss children's responses to what they see. <br> Visit galleries and museums to generate inspiration and conversation about art and artists. <br> Before teaching children the correct pencil grip and posture for writing, | ate and ange pes propriately <br> ture <br> ate, select d use <br> tured | Shape <br> Create and arrange shapes appropriately <br> Texture <br> Create, select and use textured paper for an image |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| kits and malleable materials like clay. <br> Regularly review the equipment for children to develop their small motor skills. Is it appropriate for the different levels of skill and confidence of children in the class? Is it challenging for the most dexterous children? <br> Continuously check how children are holding pencils for writing, scissors and knives and forks. Offer regular, gentle encouragement and feedback. With regular practice, the physical skills children need to eat with a knife and fork and develop an efficient handwriting style will become increasingly automatic. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | pasta, beans and larger tactile things. <br> Open ended resources for children to explore in the workshop area to promote collage. Discover how to make pictures and patterns by cutting, tearing and sticking a variety of materials. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Vocabulary | Drawing <br> Thick, thin, wavy, straight, pencil | Drawing light and dark lines, textures. | Drawing invent, surface, light and dark lines, textures, rubbing, copying. | Drawing Invent, surface, rubbing, copying | Drawing Observation, Surface detail, journals. | Drawing Observation, Surface detail, journals, grades of pencil, third dimension, tone. <br> Digital media | Drawing <br> Grades of pencil, third dimension, tone, close observation, viewfinder, dry and wet media, tonal contrast, horizon, focal point. | Drawing Close observation, viewfinder, dry and wet media, tonal contrast, horizon, focal point. <br> Digital media | Drawing <br> Composition, scale and proportion, foreground, middleground, background perspective. |
|  | Digital Media <br> Computer, iPad, laptop, pen, mouse | Digital media <br> Manipulate. | Digital media Graphics, manipulate, cropping. | Digital media Graphics, cropping. | Digital <br> media <br> Record, precision. | Record, precision, filters. | Digital media filters. | Scan | Digital media Digital layering |
|  | Painting | Painting | Painting | Painting | Painting | Painting <br> Colour <br> blocking, | Painting | Painting | Painting |


|  | Brush, colour, texture, shape, size, tools, mix | Brush size, poster paint, primary and secondary colours (by name), textured paint. | Brush size, brush type, scraping, watercolour, poster paint, primary and secondary colours (by name), shades and tones, textured paint. | brush type, scraping, watercolour, shades and tones. | Colour blocking, washes, thickening paint, | washes, thickening paint, scales, tints and shades. | Scales, tints and shades complimentary and contrasting colours. | Complimentary and contrasting colours. | Preliminary study, atmosphere, light effects. |
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|  | Printing <br> Print, media, experiment, technique | Printing <br> Hard and soft materials, rollers. | Printing <br> Hard and soft materials, rollers, monoprint, overprinting. | Printing monoprint, overprinting. | Printing <br> Printing <br> blocks, repeating patterns, two colour overlays. | Printing blocks, repeating patterns, two colour overlays. | Printing <br> repeating <br> patterns, two <br> colour <br> overlays, simplifying, | Printing <br> Simplifying | Printing relief or impress. |
|  | Textiles <br> Fabric, decorate, join, | Textiles <br> Fabrics, texture, pulling, twisting, | Textiles <br> Fabrics, threads, texture, pulling, twisting, plaiting, weaving. | Textiles <br> threads, <br> plaiting, <br> weaving. | Textiles <br> knotting, fraying, | Textiles knotting, fraying, fringing. | Textiles <br> fringing overlap, layer. | Textiles overlap, layer | Textiles <br> Grades of thread and needles, batik. |

Art Overview




















|  |  | Record and explore ideas from firsthand observations. <br> Exploring and Developing Ideas <br> Ask and answer questions about the starting points for their work. <br> Exploring and Developing Ideas Explore the work of artists, craftspeople and designers from different times and cultures for differences and similarities. | craftspeople and designers from different times and cultures for differences and similarities. <br> L2 How to create a paisley pattern style? <br> Printing <br> Year 1 <br> Build and design repeating patterns and recognise pattern in the environment <br> rinting <br> Year 1 <br> Print with a range of hard and soft materials e.g. corks, pen barrels, sponge | Developing Work Identify what they might change in their current work or develop in future work (and explain their reasoning). <br> L5 Can I add detail to my tinga tinga tile? <br> Painting mix paint with PVA <br> Name different types of paint and their properties. <br> Painting Experiment with tools and techniques e.g. layering, | implements <br> to draw <br> different <br> forms and <br> shapes. <br> Painting <br> Experiment <br> with different <br> effects and <br> textures <br> including <br> blocking in <br> colour, <br> washes, <br> thickened <br> paint <br> creating <br> textural <br> effects. <br> L3 Can I <br> create a print <br> to be sewn <br> on to my <br> Roman bag? <br> Printing <br> Create <br> printing <br> blocks using <br> a relief. | Digital Media <br> Year 3 <br> Change the type of brush to an appropriate style. <br> Digital Media Year 4 <br> Use a graphics package to create images and effects with; lines by controlling the brush tool with increased precision. <br> Digital Media Year 4 <br> Create shapes by making selections to cut, duplicate and repeat. <br> Digital Media Year 4 <br> Experiment with colours and textures by using effects and simple filters to manipulate and create images for a purpose. |  |  |  |
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|  |  | L4 \& 5 Can I create a digital piece of art? <br> Digital <br> Media <br> Explore ideas using digital sources i.e. internet. <br> Digital Media <br> Use a simple graphics package to create images and effects with: <br> lines by changing the size of brushes in response to ideas; shapes using eraser, shape and fill tools; and colours and texture using simple filters to manipulate | Roll printing ink over found objects to create patterns e.g. plastic mesh, stencils <br> Printing <br> Year 1 <br> Create simple printing blocks with press print <br> Year 1 <br> Match and sort fabrics and threads for colour, texture, length, size and shape Year 1 Apply colour with printing, dipping, fabric crayons <br> Textiles <br> Year 1 |  | Textiles (DT) Match the tool to the material <br> Textiles (Art) Develop skills in stitching, cutting and joining. <br> Textiles (DT) Sew on buttons and make loops. <br> L6 Would Ribchester Museum use my bag as an artefact? <br> Evaluate (DT) Evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria <br> Evaluating and |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  | Developing Work Identify what they might change in their current work or develop in future work. <br> Can I create a coat of many colours? <br> Artist focus/theme: Joseph \& his coat of many colours. <br> Textiles (taught alongside DT unit) <br> L1 What is a coat of many colours? <br> Exploring and Developing Ideas |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  | L4 How can I add to my material? <br> Textiles Apply shapes with glue or by stitching <br> Textiles Apply colour with printing, dipping, fabric crayons <br> Textiles Create and use dyes i.e. onion skins, tea, coffee <br> Textiles Create fabrics by weaving materials i.e. grass through twigs, carrier bags on a bike wheel |  | $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  | using scissors/snips <br> Textiles Change and modify threads and fabrics, knotting, fraying, fringing, pulling threads, twisting, plaiting <br> Textiles Apply shapes with glue or by stitching <br> Textiles <br> Apply colour with printing, dipping, fabric crayons <br> Textiles Create and use dyes i.e. onion skins, tea, coffee |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



placed into
continuous provision so that children can practice previously taught skills. Art activities in which children can be creative, develop and extend their learning are available to the children every day in continuous provision.

Year 1/2 - The Great Wave off Kanagawa by Katsushika Hokusai (Japanese), Giuseppe Arcimboldo (Italian)
Year 2 - Kandinsky (Russian), Peter Thorpe (American), Tinga-Tinga (African),
Year 3 - Paul Klee (Switzerland) Freda Carlo (Mexican)
Year 3/4 - Monet (French)
Year 4 - Balla (Italian)
Year 5 - Beatriz Milhazes (Brazilian)
Year 6 - Augustin Edouart (French), Gaudi (Catalonian), Batik Art (South East Asia)
To widen the children's artistic understanding further we study a range of British artists such as Banksy and Grayson Perry and link their understanding of these artists to the fundamental British values.

As a school, our Overall Multiple Deprivation Index is B and our Employment Deprivation Index are C. We therefore aim to give purpose to our Art teaching by showing the children at St George's how the skills they learn can be used in future employment in a range of industries. These include:

Reception - Alabaster Jar - Ceramicist from Chorley visit to school
Year 2 - Illustrator visit - (lan McDonald)
Year 3--Graffiti artist visit to school (Tony Kelzo)
Year 4 - Landscape gardener visit to school (Sarah Calvert)
Year 5 - Curating artwork for Arts Week
Year 6 - Fashion design topic (Viv Dean visit to school)
During 2020-2021 school year Arts Week, when the whole school came off timetable for a full week and were immersed in the world of the Arts, the children journeyed through the ages and studied the chronology of art and artists from 60s to present day, deepening their appreciation and understanding of how Art develops and changes over time. All children experienced working with a graffiti artist to design the school mural, worked with a textile artist to create art on fabric to be displayed in school (Viv Dean), designed and made their own tie-dye t -shirts, graphical media through music, digital media of their own face among other activities.

In January 2023, the whole school came off timetable for an Arts Weeks focused on Great Explorers. The children explored the lives and times of famous explorers, using a wide range of skills to create different pieces of work including three ships that were constructed and decorated by the children and placed around the school premises.

|  | As a school our Income Deprivation Domain is B. We therefore aim to widen the children's experiences of using resources not usually <br> available at home or in others areas of their life. These include: <br> Reception - chalk, different grades of paintbrushes, sponging <br> Year 1- water colours, different grades of pencil, rubbings <br> Year 1/2 - working with canvases and pastels <br> Year 2 - oil based paints, air drying clay <br> Year 3-collage using different materials <br> Year 3/4 - sewing, paste-resist printing <br> Year 4 - artistic digital packages, block printing <br> Year 5 - digital photography <br> Year 6: Batik printing |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | The Early Years curriculum for Design Technology is taken from Development Matters but steered by the children's interests. 'All About <br> Me' booklets completed by parents before children start school allow us to design a curriculum that meets the needs and interests of the <br> children. Early Years staff continually discuss ideas with the children and change planning accordingly. The curriculum is designed to be <br> taught using group work, individual work and through carefully designed continuous provision that encourages children to revisit and <br> remember previously taught skills. Children are given choice of media in each topic. For example in their minibeast topic the children <br> choose what they would like to make using a variety of media readily available e.g. hoops worms, butterfly printing, beetle sculpting and <br> ladybird printing. The children choose the tools, technique and materials they would like to use. |
| The Art curriculum has been designed to be fully inclusive. All children, regardless of any special needs, take part fully in all art activities. <br> If children are physically unable to take part in a particular activity or skill, the activity is adapted to ensure they can access the learning. <br> We aim to give all children skills and knowledge through meaningful real life experiences including trips and visits from people who have <br> jobs in the Art industries. This gives our Art teaching purpose and inspires children to be determined and confident in using their own <br> ideas and experiences to solve problems. These experiences include: |  |
| Reception - work with an Indian artist (Prags) to create Rangoli patterns |  |
| Year 1 - trip into local woodland to take rubbings of natural environment using different media. |  |
| Year 1/2 - observational drawings of local areas |  |
| Year 2 - Sculpture Walk (Beacon Fell) |  |
| Year 3- Liverpool Just Imagine visit |  |

Year 3/4 - Manchester art gallery visit
Year 4 - Manchester art gallery visit
Year 5 - Manchester Science and Industry Museum including opportunities to sketch machinery
Year 6 - London art gallery visit

Whole school experiences have included designing a logo for our school radio station, working with a graphic designer to produce a whole school artwork, working with a graffiti artist to design a school mural, designing and creating numerous book benches that are displayed around the local area

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## Pupil Voice

The pupils' views have also inspired the way our curriculum has been designed. On reflection the structure of the infant lessons will be encouraged to be more experimental with techniques and the artists studied discussed rather than annotated. We will continue to encourage the use of line and form experimentation as an introduction (on different scales). The concept of evaluating at the end of a project could be done as a vocal evaluation on seesaw rather than a written.


